

SUMMARY STATEMENT

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(Privileged Communication)

Release Date: 12/13/2018
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Application Number: 1 R43 MH119880-01

Principal Investigator
COLLINS, MICHAEL

Applicant Organization: OPEN SOURCE INSTRUMENTS, INC.

Review Group: ZRG1 ETTN-C (10)
Center for Scientific Review Special Emphasis Panel
Small Business: Clinical Neurophysiology, Devices, Neuroprosthetics, and
Biosensors

Meeting Date: 11/29/2018
Council: JAN 2019
Requested Start: 04/01/2019

RFA/PA: PA18-871
PCC: 7T-SB
Dual PCC: FERTISTR
Dual IC(s): NS

Project Title: An optogenetic brain implant with EEG monitoring and response for mice

SRG Action: ++
Next Steps: Visit https://grants.nih.gov/grants/next_steps.htm
Human Subjects: 10-No human subjects involved
Animal Subjects: 30-Vertebrate animals involved - no SRG concerns noted

Project Year	Direct Costs Requested
1	206,469
<hr/> TOTAL	<hr/> 206,469

++NOTE TO APPLICANT: Members of the Scientific Review Group (SRG) were asked to identify those applications with the highest scientific merit, generally the top half. Written comments, criterion scores, and preliminary impact scores were submitted by the assigned reviewers prior to the SRG meeting. At the meeting, the more meritorious applications were discussed and given final impact scores; by concurrence of the full SRG, the remaining applications, including this application, were not discussed or scored. The reviewers' comments (largely unedited by NIH staff) and criterion scores for this application are provided below. Because applications deemed by the SRG to have the highest scientific merit generally are considered for funding first, it is highly unlikely that an application with an ND recommendation will be funded. Each applicant should read the written critiques carefully and, if there are questions about the review or future options for the project, discuss them with the Program Contact listed above.

1R43MH119880-01 COLLINS, MICHAEL

DESCRIPTION (provided by applicant): Optogenetics can be used to selectively stimulate or suppress the firing of genetically targeted and spatially targeted mammalian neurons. It is used to study neuropsychiatric diseases in vivo with mouse models of conditions including epilepsy, schizophrenia, and Parkinson's. Optogenetics may be used as functional neurosurgical intervention for correcting disease states in the brain. It has been previously shown that seizures have the ability to be halted or reduced by optogenetic activation of inhibitory neurons with the use of Channelrhodopsin-2. It has also been shown that expressing Halorhodopsin (HR) in cortical pyramidal neurons can also reduce seizure propagation. By monitoring EEG data in real time, seizures can be identified at their onset and correcting pulses of optogenetic stimulation may be applied. This line of research is currently limited by the lack of suitable instruments. This project proposes the development of a fully implantable, wireless EEG monitor capable of autonomously detecting EEG events in real-time and applying correcting pulses of closed-loop optogenetic stimulation. The proposed instrument will be compatible with mouse biology, thus permitting chronic experiments in the enormous pool of transgenic mouse strains available with photosensitive proteins and validated as models of human disease. Aim 1 will develop the necessary hardware by combining core technologies demonstrated in existing products. Aim 2 will enable autonomous EEG event detection in the instrument's micropower logic chip by adapting a computationally efficient algorithm that has been proven capable of classifying EEG events including normal activity, seizures, ictal spikes, inter-ictal spikes, and polyspikes. Aim 3 will test the device's ability to detect seizures, apply correcting optogenetic stimulation, and reduce the duration of focal seizures induced in mice by the nano-injection of iron chloride. Phase I of this project will make the mouse-compatible instrument available for sale to researchers studying circuit theory of the brain and diseases/disorders characterized by aberrant EEG states such as epilepsy, schizophrenia, Alzheimer's, and obsessive compulsive disorder. Potential follow-on Phase II would develop the technology into a medical instrument that aborts focal seizures in humans who suffer from pharmaceutical-resistant partial epilepsy (approximately 15 million people).

PUBLIC HEALTH RELEVANCE: A wireless instrument capable of simultaneous EEG recording and optogenetic stimulation in mice will enable a new class of experiments of epilepsy, schizophrenia, Alzheimer's, obsessive compulsive disorder, and other conditions characterized by aberrant electrophysiology. In addition to aiding basic research and the identification of pharmacological treatments, the instrument will enable a new class of functional neurosurgical intervention. The instrument will demonstrate a new treatment of focal seizures in patients suffering from pharmaceutical-resistant partial epilepsy.

CRITIQUE 1

Significance: 3
Investigator(s): 2
Innovation: 2
Approach: 4
Environment: 3

Overall Impact: Open Source Instruments Inc propose to develop a neural interface capable of detecting EEG events and applying corrective optogenetic stimulation in real-time. The proposed instrument targets investigators employing mouse models to study mental disease states providing entry to a potentially large market. Aim 1 exploits the company's core technologies to develop the hardware. Aim 2 will implement autonomous EEG event detection in the instrument's micropower logic chip. Aim 3 seeks to test the device's ability to detect seizures and apply corrective optogenetic

stimulation in a mouse model of epilepsy. The company was founded in 2004 and its telemetry products have been profitable since 2009.

1. Significance:

Strengths

- The need for interfaces that can read neural activity, interpret it and trigger stimulation has scientific merit thus this proposal has a solid scientific premise
- Some very strong letters of support for the proposed product development are included with the application.
- The projected price of units (\$350 & \$700) and of a system (\$12.5k) seems very reasonable, making the product attractive.
- The goal of greater than one week of data recording and periodic optogenetic stimulation or less hours of recording per day over more days should meet many investigators needs

Weaknesses

- Motivation for the design was clearly informed by the needs of researchers in the field of epilepsy. It was not made sufficiently clear how wide is the investigator need for a device that couples EEG signals with optogenetic stimulation. More evidence of a wide market need would have made for a stronger proposal.

2. Investigator(s):

Strengths

- The company was founded in 2004 and its telemetry products have been profitable since 2009, so there is no reason to question the competence of the investigators for the work proposed.

Weaknesses

- Animal testing is proposed to take place at Professor Nishimura and Schaffer's laboratories at Cornell University. No biosketch was provided for Professor Nishimura and Professor Schaffer does not seem to have much experience with epilepsy research. He refers to a paper in press in Cerebral Cortex where a rodent seizure model has been developed – one intended to be used for the work contained in this proposal – although he is not a co-author on the paper. Professor Nishimura is and the relationship between the two laboratories seems extremely close. More clarification in this area would have tightened the proposal somewhat.

3. Innovation:

Strengths

- A device that combines EEG recording with autonomous event detection to trigger optogenetic stimulation of targeted neural populations in mice would be a novel product.

Weaknesses

- While the application of the device to studies of epilepsy is clear, whether such a product would find more general application was not well described.

4. Approach:

Strengths

- The three aims complement one another well and, if completed successfully, will provide evidence supporting the device's potential as a new research tool.
- Table 1 which compares their proposed device to competitors was useful and demonstrated significant advantages of the proposed new technology.

Weaknesses

- Aim 2 is focused on embedded software that will detect seizure-related EEG events. Evidence that other embedded software (e.g., to detect different sleep states) might offer a wider potential market. Consideration of other potential uses for the core technology would have made for a stronger proposal.
- Some discussion of the limitations resulting from restricting neural signals to EEG alone should have been included.
- Exactly what is expected from the animal experiments could have been described better. The number of mice and their genders needed for a reliable result was not detailed.

5. Environment:

Strengths

- The facilities at Open Source Instruments and their record of successful product development promote high confidence that the environment is well suited to the work proposed.

Weaknesses

- The incomplete description of the relationship between the Nishimura and Schaffer laboratories at Cornell University and the apparent minimal experience in epilepsy research by these investigators weakens one's feeling about the suitability of the environment for the work proposed marginally.

Vertebrate Animals:

YES, all criteria addressed

- No consideration of gender is made but with an N=3 this would be impossible

Biohazards:

Not Applicable

CRITIQUE 2

Significance: 4

Investigator(s): 4

Innovation: 3

Approach: 6

Environment: 3

Overall Impact: This Phase 1 SBIR project proposes the development of an implantable, wireless, mouse-sized device for detecting EEG events and applying optogenetic stimulation. The EEG monitor will be capable to detect and classify a variety of epileptiform activity. The device would be suitable for long-term mouse studies. If successful, this work would make the mouse-compatible instrument available for sale to researchers studying neurological disorders. Lack of details on the computationally efficient EEG event classification algorithm and its performance metrics has diminished the enthusiasm for the project. As a result, the proposal, as described in this application, was expected to have a medium impact.

1. Significance:

Strengths

- The proposed miniaturization would result in unique technology for combined optogenetics and EEG in freely behaving mice.
- The long-term objective is to develop a closed-loop device to detect and abort seizures.

Weaknesses

- Porting existing technology for mouse models is not that significant.

2. Investigator(s):

Strengths

- The PI has experience in optical fiber technology,

Weaknesses

- The PI does not appear to have significant prior education or experience in EEG analysis.

3. Innovation:

Strengths

- Miniaturized device for combined EEG analysis and optogenetic stimulation in mice is novel.

Weaknesses

- The proposed product is a miniaturization of an existing rat model.
- Automatic seizure detection is not new and has been around for several decades.

4. Approach:

Strengths

- The proposed set of aims are well described.
- The device will be based on technology previously developed by the team.

Weaknesses

- Lack of details on the computationally efficient EEG event classification algorithm and its performance metrics such as specificity, sensitivity and false alarm rate.
- Early seizure onset detection is a challenging task. It is not clear if the investigators already have the algorithm. No specifics are given on how seizure onset is detected.
- It would be beneficial for the application to compare the anticipated device with existing close-loop devices such as responsive neurostimulator developed by NeuroPace.

5. Environment:

Strengths

- Open Source Instruments and Cornell University facilities appear to be adequate.

Weaknesses

- None noted.

Vertebrate Animals:

YES, all criteria addressed

- Animal studies will be conducted at Cornell University

Biohazards:

Not Applicable (No Biohazards)

Authentication of Key Biological and/or Chemical Resources:

Not Applicable (No Relevant Resources)

Budget and Period of Support:

Recommend as Requested

CRITIQUE 3

Significance: 5

Investigator(s): 5

Innovation: 5

Approach: 1

Environment: 1

Overall Impact: This is a phase I SBIR submission. In this work, the development of an optogenetic brain implant that also includes EEG monitoring system for the mice is going to be fabricated. The proposed device would be a combination of existing technologies that are currently being used. The size of the proof-of-concept device is very large. Although it's been proposed that there's a need for mouse size device, the new size and design aspects of the device has not been discussed. The proposed device is a combination of existing technologies and also other research groups have already proposed on the development and modifications of it. The significance of this application for the fabrications of the device might be below average.

1. Significance:

Strengths

Weaknesses

- The size of the proof of the concept device is very large. Not clear what would be the new size and weight of the proposed device in this study.
- There are many research groups that are already investigating a device with the same properties.

2. Investigator(s):

Strengths

Weaknesses

- The PI is non-PhD, with an academic background and research focus that might not be very relevant to the proposed work, as well as one of the Co-PIs (Kevan Hashemi), also non-PhD, has only one publication.

3. Innovation:

Strengths

Weaknesses

- The proposed work is a combination of existing technologies.

4. Approach:

Strengths

- Well written proposal.

Weaknesses

- None noted.

5. Environment:

Strengths

- No concerns about the environment of the proposed study.

Weaknesses

- None noted.

Vertebrate Animals:

3 out of 4 points were addressed.

Biohazards:

Not Applicable

Budget and Period of Support:

Recommended budget modifications or possible overlap identified:

- Recommend as Requested.

Footnotes for 1 R43 MH119880-01; PI Name: Collins, Michael

NIH has modified its policy regarding the receipt of resubmissions (amended applications). See Guide Notice NOT-OD-14-074 at <http://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/notice-files/NOT-OD-14-074.html>. The impact/priority score is calculated after discussion of an application by averaging the overall scores (1-9) given by all voting reviewers on the committee and multiplying by 10. The criterion scores are submitted prior to the meeting by the individual reviewers assigned to an application, and are not discussed specifically at the review meeting or calculated into the overall impact score. Some applications also receive a percentile ranking. For details on the review process, see http://grants.nih.gov/grants/peer_review_process.htm#scoring.

MEETING ROSTER

Center for Scientific Review Special Emphasis Panel
CENTER FOR SCIENTIFIC REVIEW
Small Business: Clinical Neurophysiology, Devices, Neuroprosthetics, and Biosensors
ZRG1 ETTN-C (10)
11/29/2018 - 11/30/2018

Notice of NIH Policy to All Applicants: Meeting rosters are provided for information purposes only. Applicant investigators and institutional officials must not communicate directly with study section members about an application before or after the review. Failure to observe this policy will create a serious breach of integrity in the peer review process, and may lead to actions outlined in NOT-OD-14-073 at <https://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/notice-files/NOT-OD-14-073.html> and NOT-OD-15-106 at <https://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/notice-files/NOT-OD-15-106.html>, including removal of the application from immediate review.

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Consultants are required to absent themselves from the room during the review of any application if their presence would constitute or appear to constitute a conflict of interest.