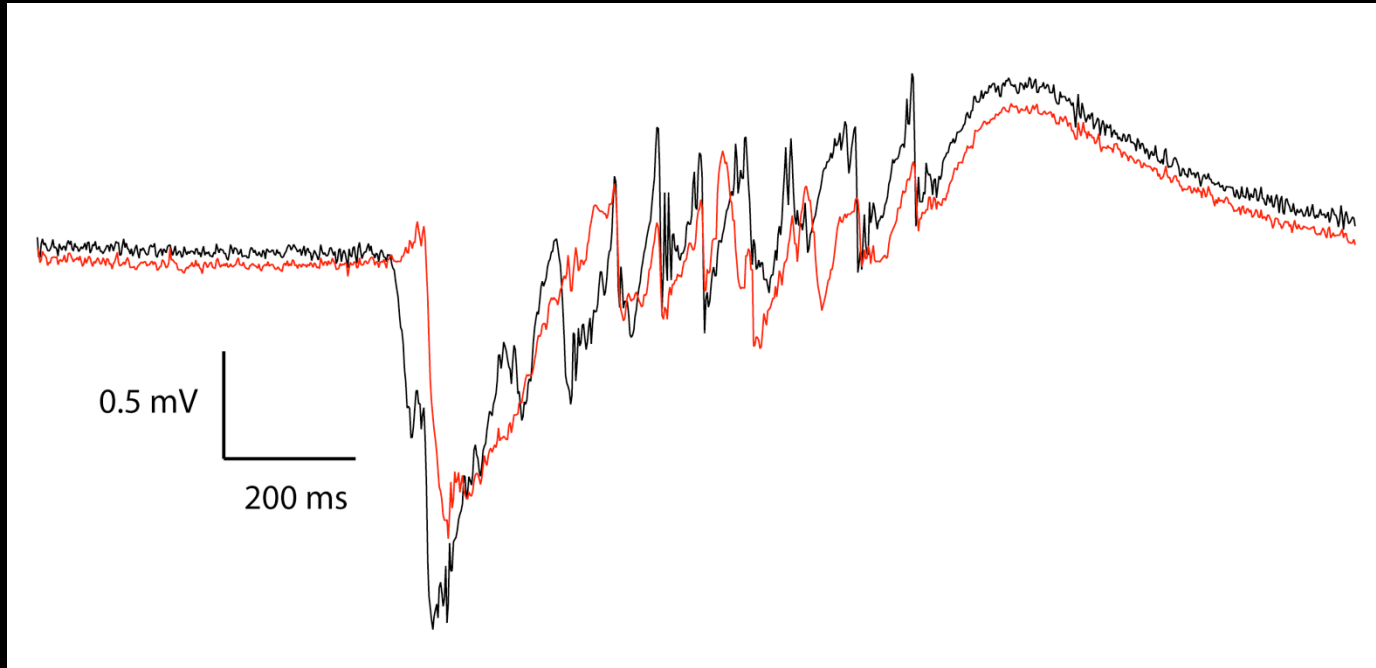
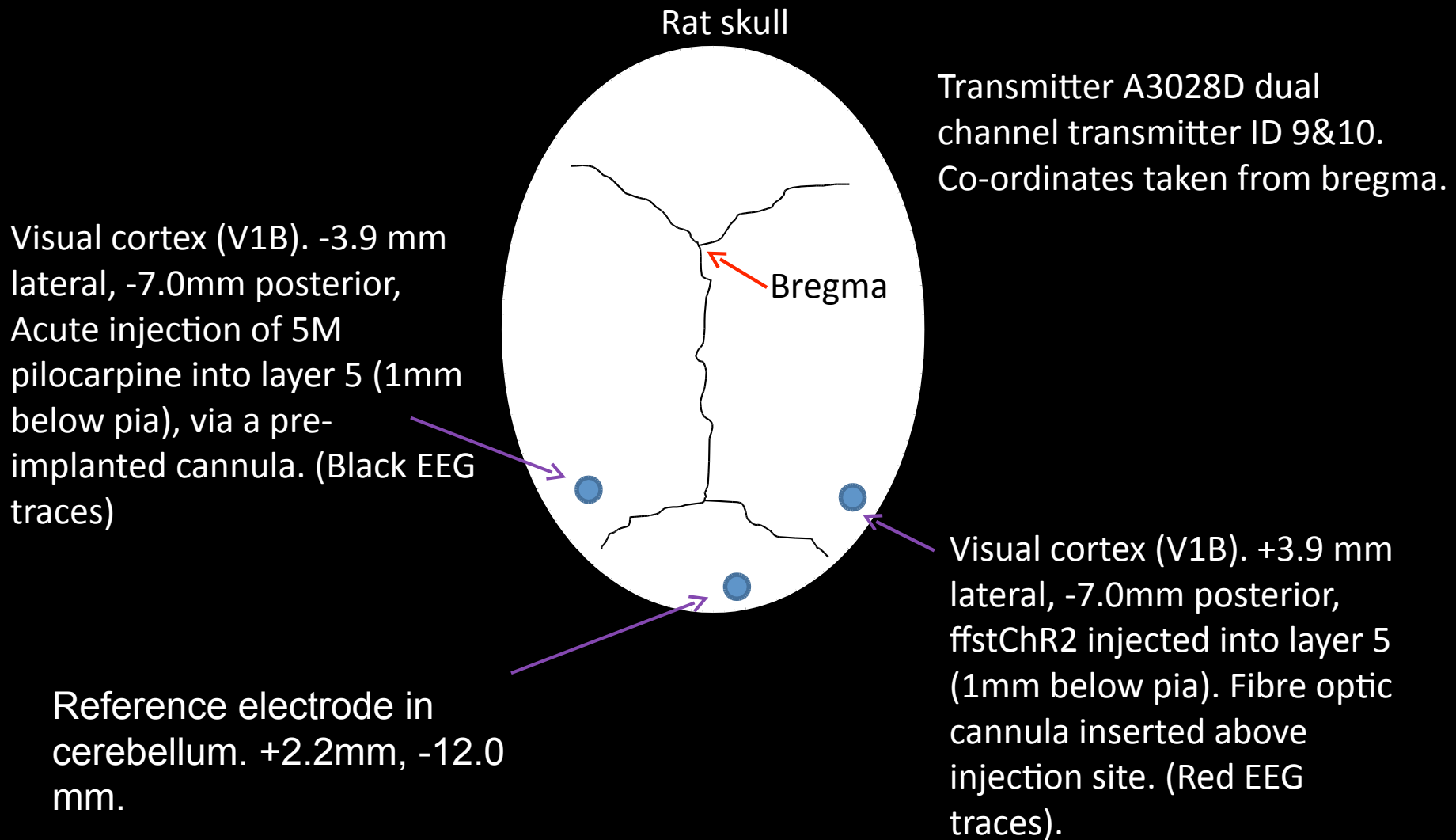


Recording seizures from 2 brain regions using the opensourceinstruments dual electrode wireless transmitter.



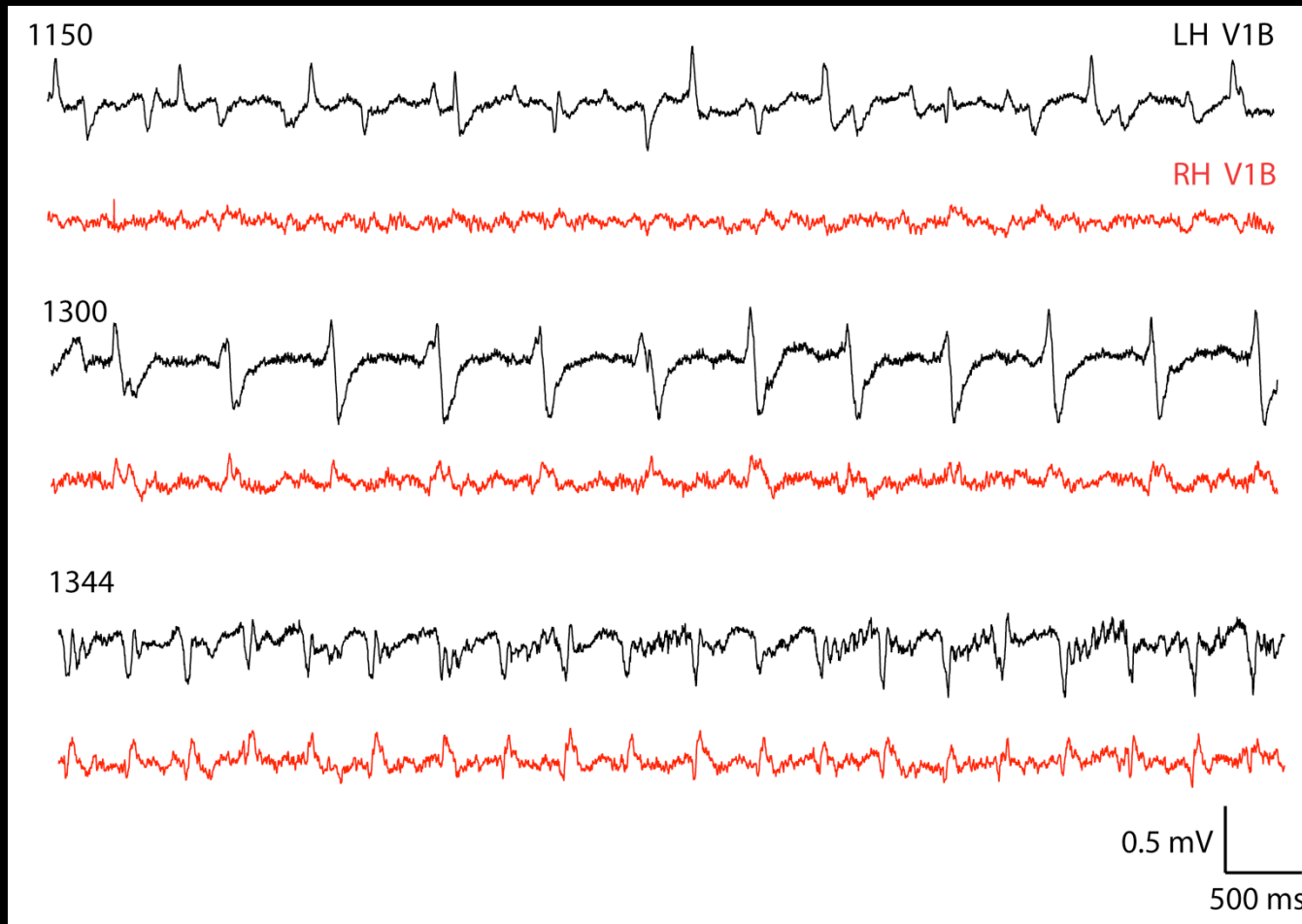
Rob Wykes
March 27th 2013

Position of electrodes.

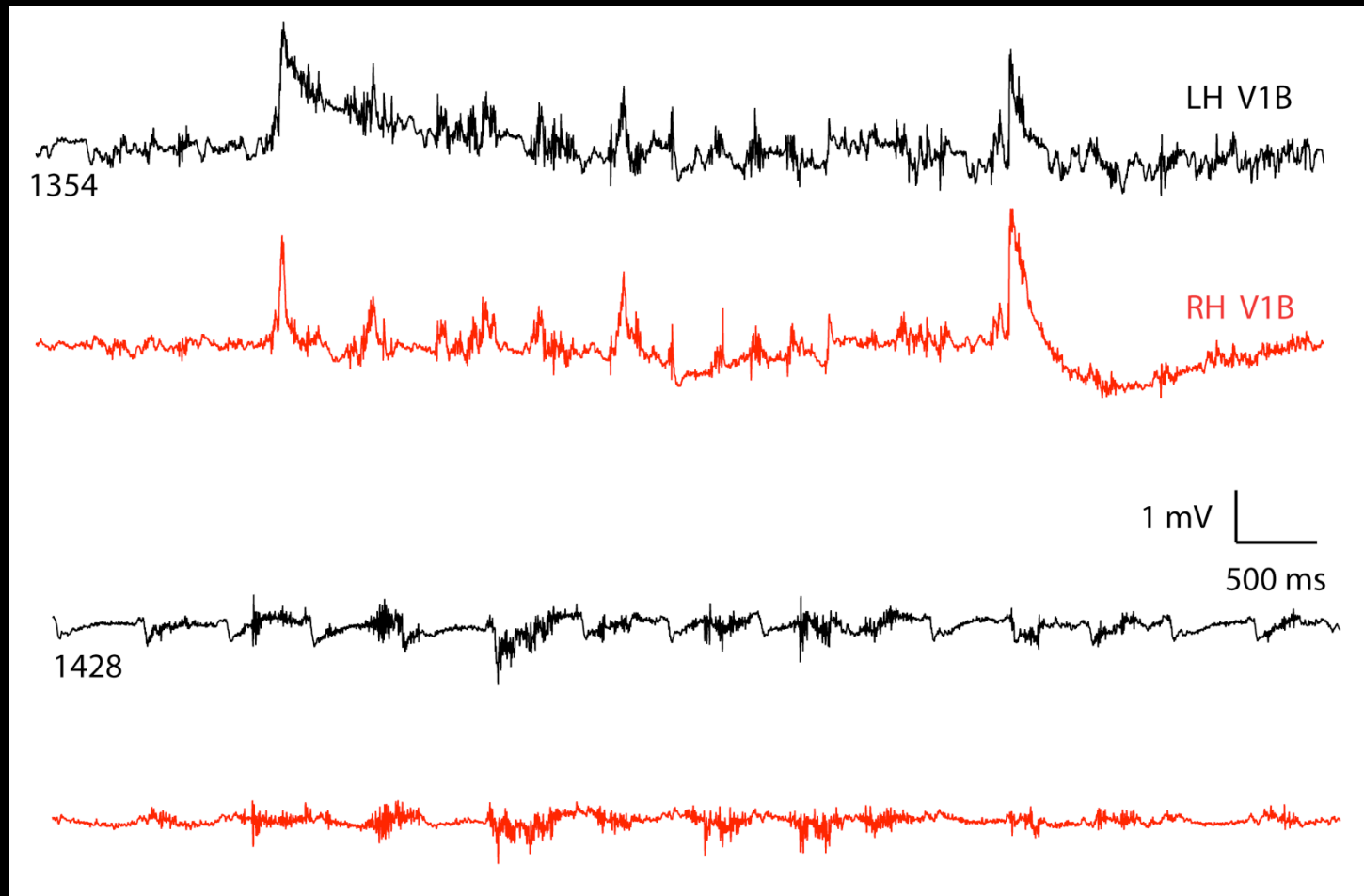


- Surgery (injection of virus, implantation of cannula for drug delivery and cannula for light delivery) Feb 24th 2014.
- Acute injection of ~1ul of 5M pilocarpine into the Left hemisphere V1B area (black EEG trace) March 27th. At the same time a fibre optic cable was connected to the fibre optic cannula on the contralateral hemisphere.
- Viral expression after 4 weeks should be very good.

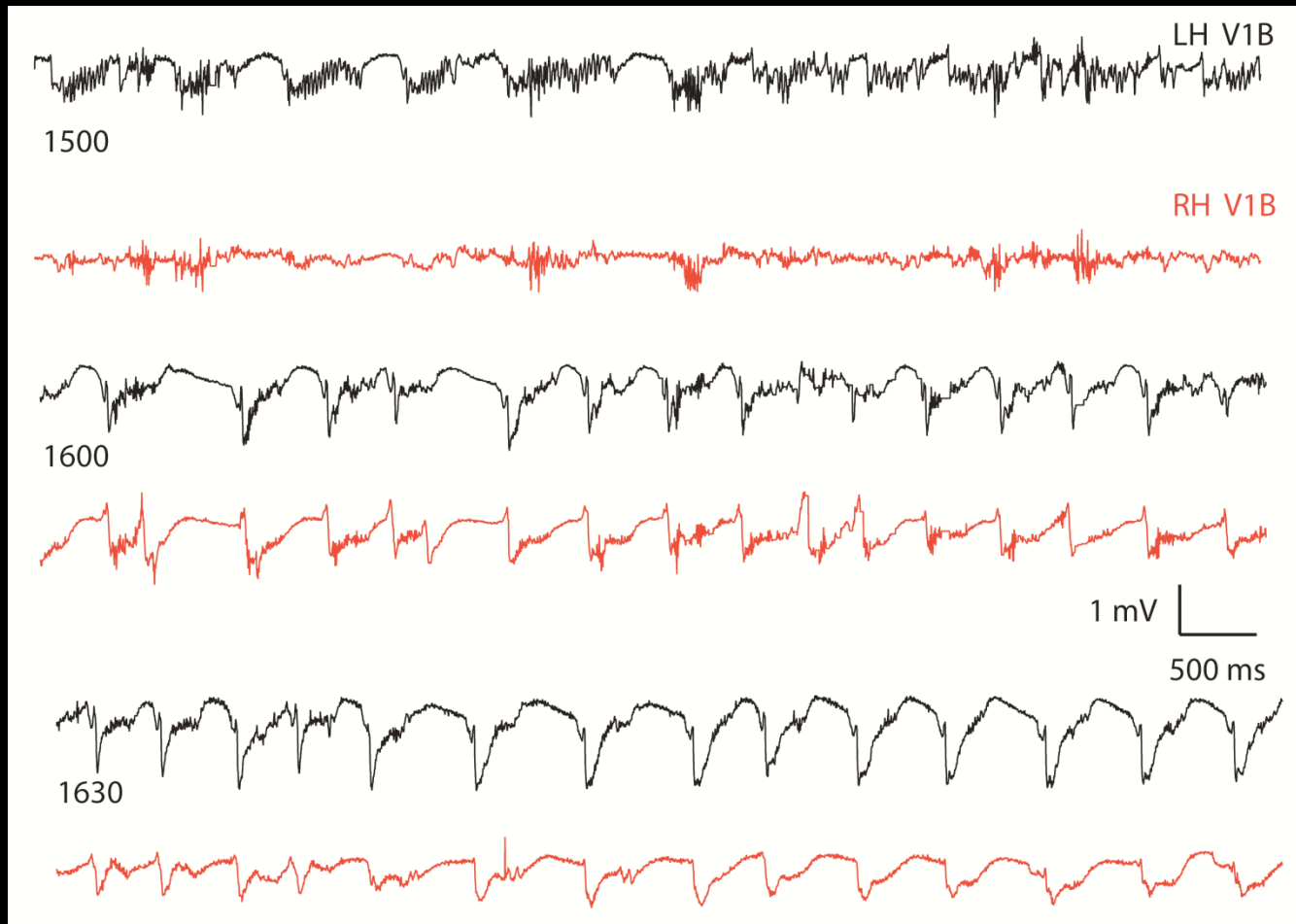
Pilocarpine injected (under light isoflurane anaesthesia at time 1000-1050s) – animal placed back into telemetry and appeared to ‘wake up’ around time 1100s – spiking in the injected visual cortex appeared soon after and evolved.



Suddenly ~300s after injection of pilocarpine the animal went into a seizure correlated with pronounced physical manifestations (note change in scale bar amplitude).

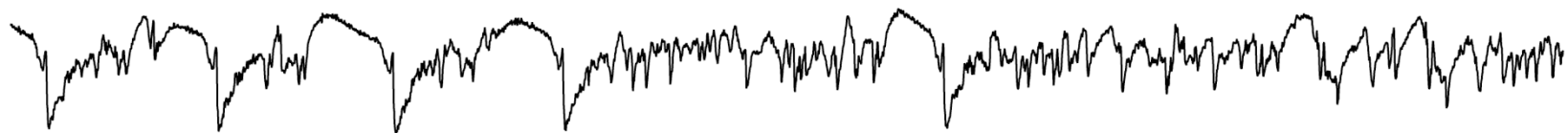


This activity evolved

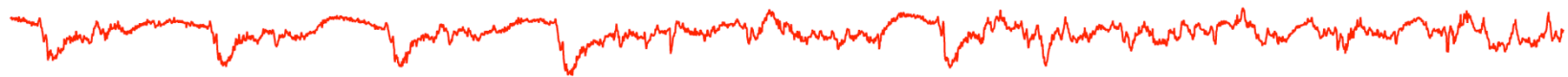


1700

LH V1B

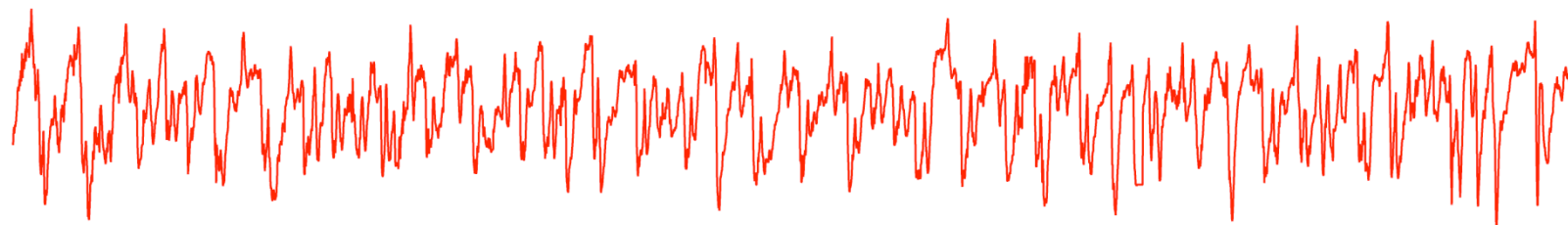
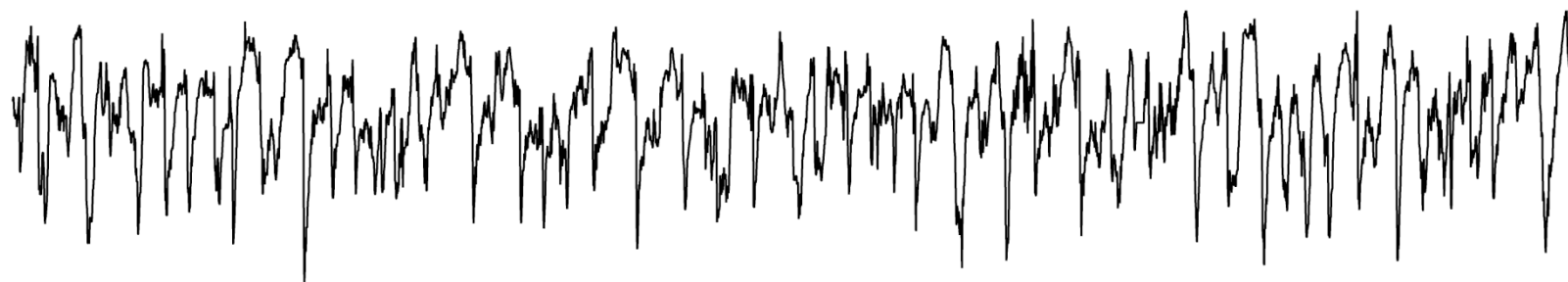


RH V1B



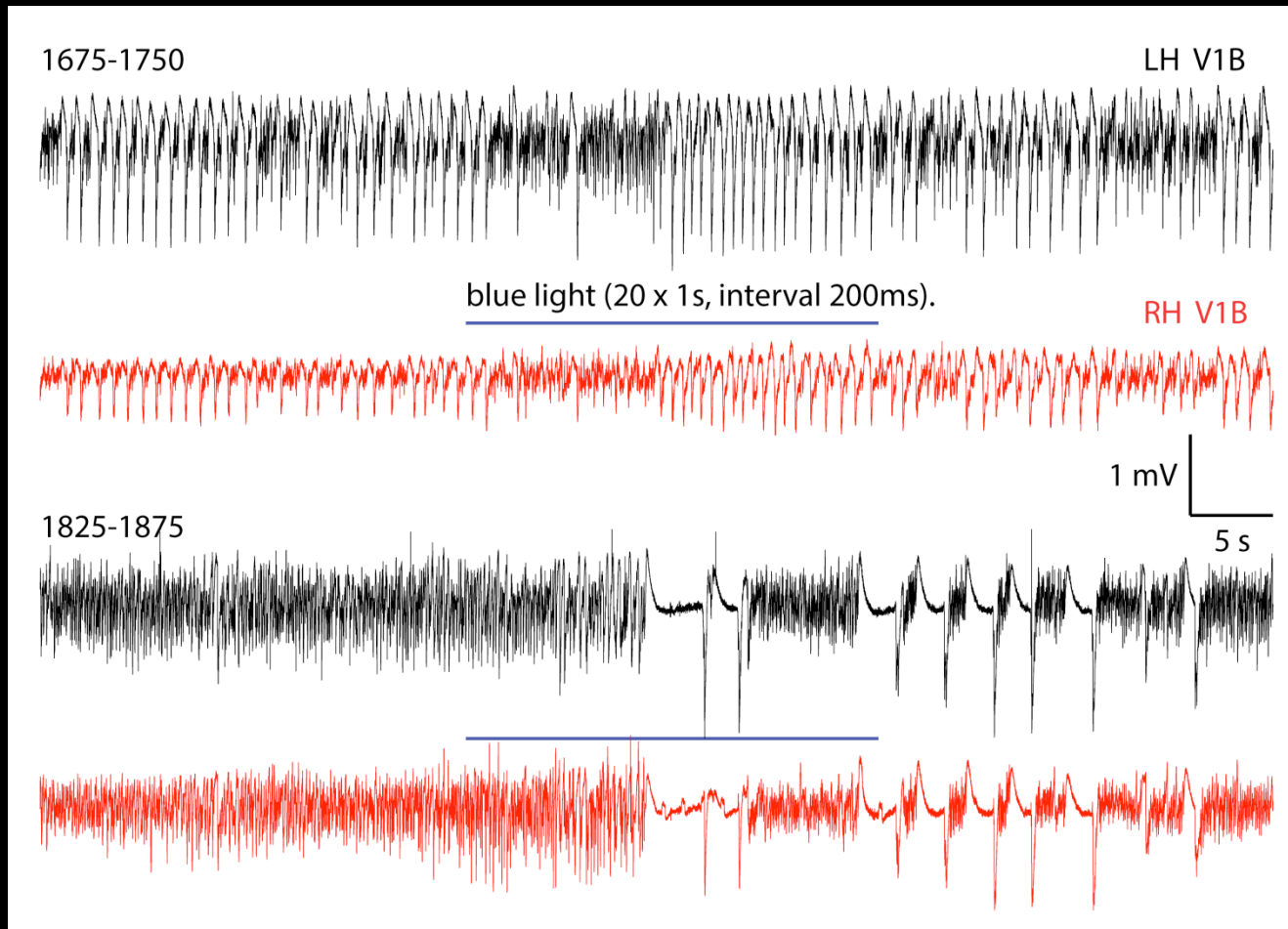
1 mV
500 ms

1850



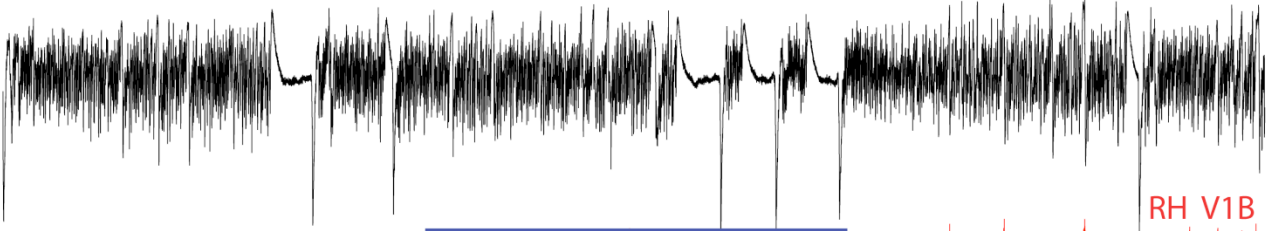
1 mV
500 ms

Stimulation of interneurons in the RH V1B area by shining blue light (19.1mW at fibre optic tip) on interneurons transduced with ChR2 using the ffst promoter.



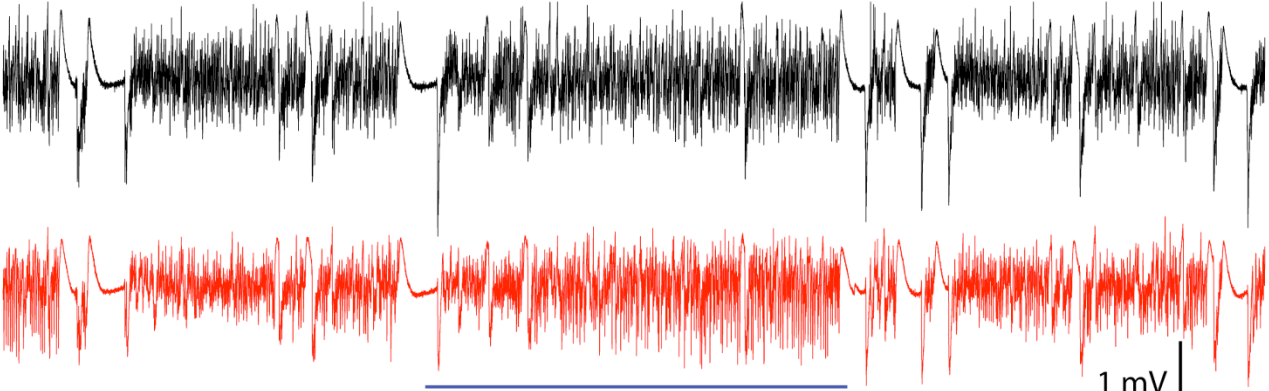
2025-2098

LH V1B

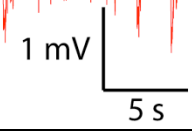


RH V1B

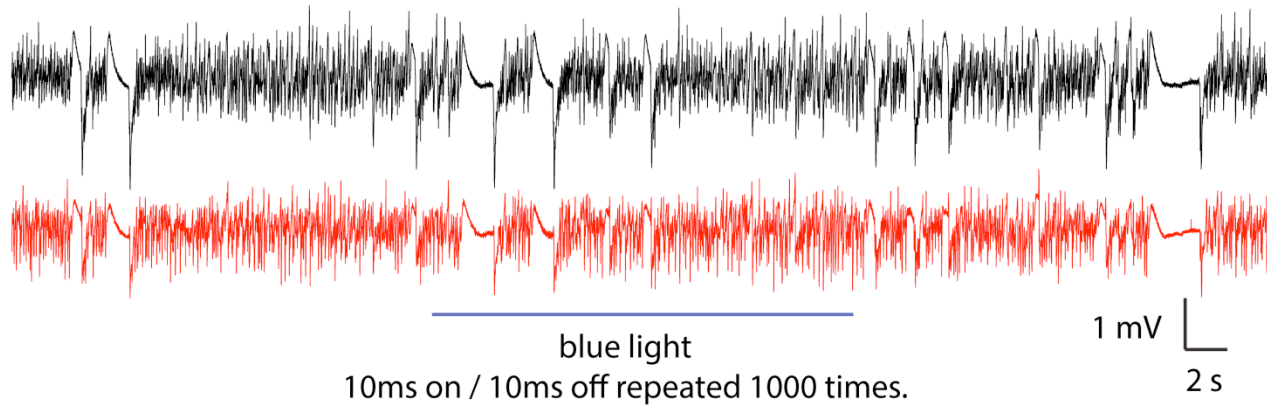
2225-2298



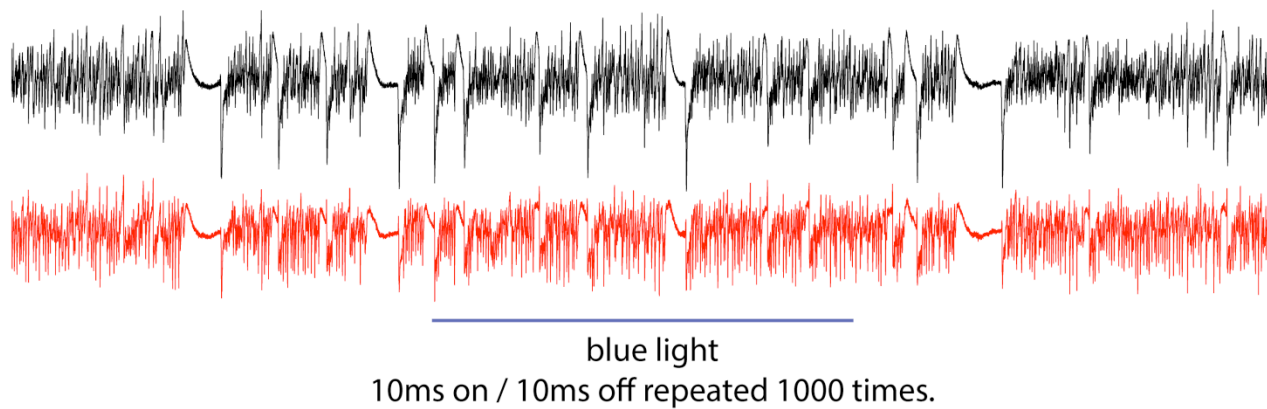
blue light (20 x 1s, interval 200ms).



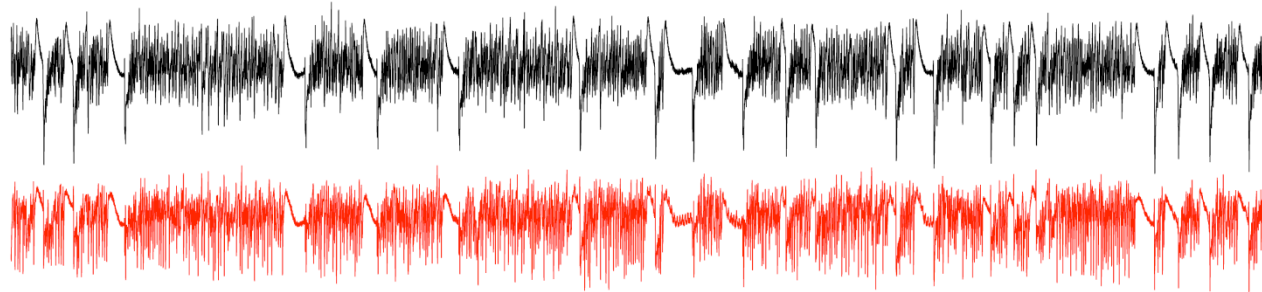
2480-2538



2680-2738

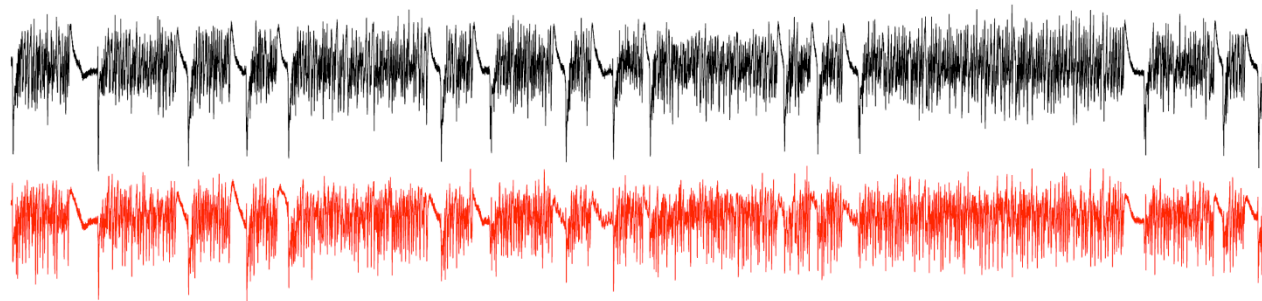


3126-3194



Blue light
(100ms on 50ms off) x 150

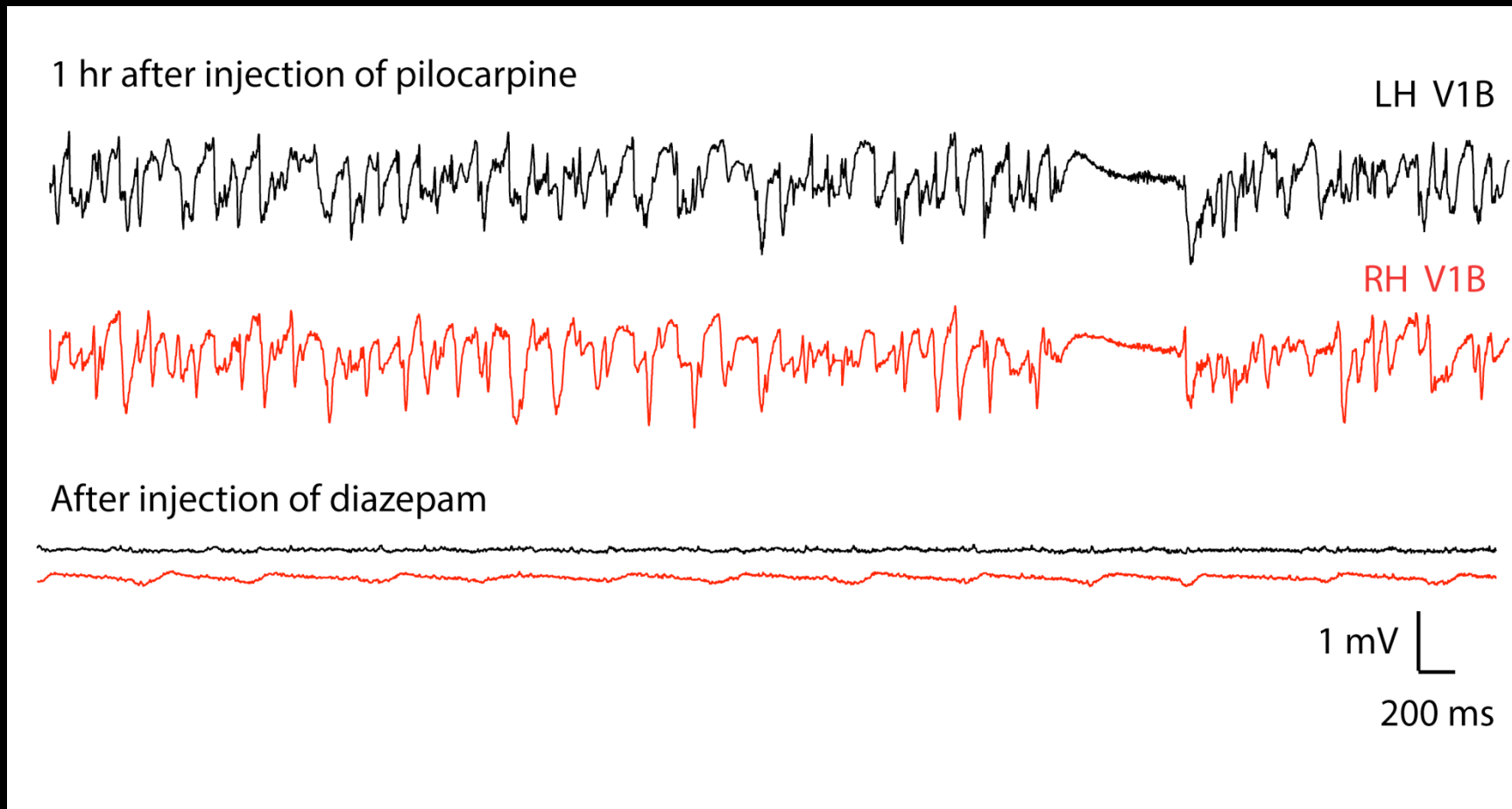
3426-3494



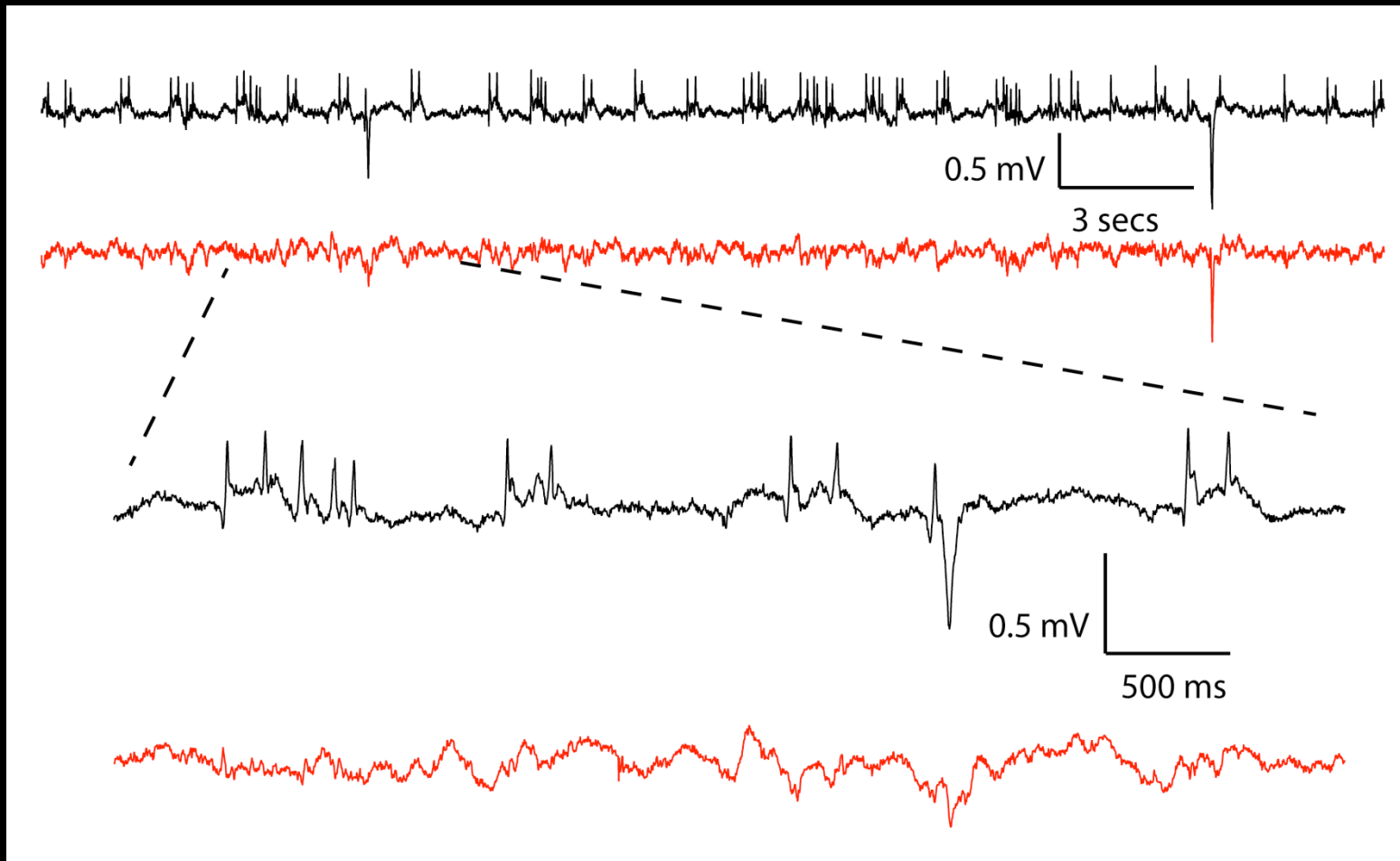
Blue light
(100ms on 50ms off) x 150

1 mV
2 s

After 1 hr seizures were terminated by an ip injection of diazepam



24hrs later some spiking persists in injected hemisphere – no behavioural manifestation.



3 days later EEG normal

LH V1B



RH V1B



0.5 mV
500 ms